

ATHLETE PROTECTION GUIDELINES

Definitions

- 1. The following term has this meaning in these Guidelines:
 - a) "Person in Authority" an Individual who holds a position of authority within Equestrian Canada (EC) including, but not limited to, licensed coaches, managers, trainers, support personnel, chaperones, and Directors.

Purpose

2. These *Athlete Protection Guidelines* describe how Persons in Authority can maintain a safe sport environment for athletes.

Rule of Two

- 3. EC will strongly recommend the Rule of Two for all Persons in Authority who interact with athletes. The Coaching Association of Canada defines the Rule of Two as follows:
 - a) The 'Rule of Two' means that the coach is never alone or out of sight with a minor athlete. Two National Coaching Certification Program (NCCP) trained or certified coaches should always be present with an athlete, especially a minor athlete, when in a potentially vulnerable situation such as in a locker room or meeting room. All one-on-one interactions between a coach and an athlete must take place within earshot and in view of the second coach except for medical emergencies. One of the coaches must also be of the same gender identity as the athlete. Should there be a circumstance where a second screened and NCCP trained or certified coach is not available, a screened volunteer, parent, or adult can be recruited to act as a substitute.
- 4. To ensure adherence to the Rule of Two. EC will recommend that:
 - a) minor athletes should never be alone with a coach. A second Licensed Coach or Person in Authority should be with them or within eyesight or earshot. With adult athletes, it is good practice to also apply the Rule of Two;
 - b) screened parents or other volunteers will be available in situations when two Persons in Authority cannot be present;
 - c) for groups of athletes consisting of just one gender identity, a Person in Authority of the same gender identity should be available to participate in or attend every interaction. For groups consisting of athletes of more than one gender identity (e.g. co-ed teams), a Person in Authority of each gender identity should be available to participate or attend every interaction; and.
 - d) these guidelines will be reviewed with parents and guardians to help identify situations and acknowledge instances when the group was not following the Rule of Two;

Communications

- 5. EC will strongly recommend the following communication guidelines for all Persons in Authority who interact with athletes:
 - a) group messages, group emails, or team pages are to be used as the regular method of



- communication between Persons in Authority and athletes;
- b) Persons in Authority may only send personal texts, direct messages on social media, or emails to individual athletes when necessary and only for the purpose of communicating information related to group issues and activities (e.g. non-personal information);
- parents and guardians have the right to request that their child not be contacted by Persons in Authority using any form of electronic communication and/or to request that certain information about their child may not be distributed in any form of electronic communications;
- d) the content of all electronic communication between Persons in Authority and athletes must be professional in tone and for the purpose of communicating information related to group issues or activities;
- e) all communication between Persons in Authority and athletes must be between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and midnight unless extenuating circumstances exist;
- f) no communication concerning drugs or alcohol use (unless regarding its prohibition) is permitted;
- g) no sexually explicit language or imagery, or sexually oriented conversation is permitted;
- h) Persons in Authority are not permitted to ask athletes to keep a secret for them; and,
- i) a Person in Authority should not become overly involved in an athlete's personal life.

Travel

- 6. EC will strongly recommend the following travel guidelines for all Persons in Authority who travel with athletes:
 - a) a Person in Authority may not be alone in a car with an athlete unless the Person in Authority is the athlete's parent or guardian;
 - b) a Person in Authority may not share a room or be alone in a hotel room with an athlete unless the Person in Authority is the athlete's parent or guardian;
 - c) room or bed checks during overnight stays must be done by two Persons in Authority; and,
 - d) for overnight travel when athletes share a hotel room, roommates will be age-appropriate (e.g. within two (2) years of age) and of the same gender identity.

Changing Area/Meeting Room

- 7. EC will strongly recommend the following guidelines for the changing area and meeting rooms:
 - a) interactions between a Person in Authority and an individual athlete should not occur in any room where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy such as a meeting room, washroom, or changing area. A second Person in Authority should be present for any necessary interaction in any such room; and,
 - b) if Persons in Authority are not present in the changing area, or if they are not permitted to be present, they should still be available outside the locker room or changing area and able to enter the room or area if required.

Photography/Video

- 8. EC will strongly recommend the following photography/video guidelines:
 - a) parents/guardians should sign a photo release form (as part of the registration process) that describes how an athlete's image may be used by EC;
 - b) photographs and video may only be taken in public view, must observe generally accepted



- standards of decency, and be both appropriate for and in the best interest of the athlete;
- c) the use of recording devices of any kind in rooms where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy is strictly prohibited; and,
- d) examples of photos that should be edited or deleted include:
 - i. images with misplaced apparel or where undergarments are showing;
 - ii. suggestive or provocative poses; and,
 - iii. embarrassing images.

Physical Contact

- 9. EC understands that some physical contact between Persons in Authority and athletes may be necessary for various reasons including, but not limited to, teaching a skill or tending to an injury. EC will strongly recommend the following touch guidelines:
 - a) unless it is not possible because of serious injury or other circumstance, a Person in Authority should always ask the athlete's permission to make physical contact, specifically indicating where and why any touch will occur. The Person in Authority must make clear that he or she is *requesting* to touch the athlete and not *requiring* the physical contact;
 - b) infrequent, non-intentional physical contact, particularly contact that arises out of an error or a misjudgment on the part of the athlete during a training session, is permitted;
 - c) making amends, such as an apology or explanation, is encouraged to further help educate athletes on the difference between appropriate and inappropriate contact; and,
 - d) hugging, cuddling, physical horseplay, and physical contact initiated by the Person in Authority is not permitted. EC is aware that some younger athletes may initiate hugging or other physical contact with a Person in Authority for various reasons (e.g. crying after a poor performance) but this physical contact should always be limited.

Sport-Specific Guidelines

- 10. EC will strongly recommend the following sport-specific guidelines:
 - a) a Person in Authority should never be alone with an athlete prior to or following a competition or training session, unless the Person in Authority is the athlete's parent or guardian. If the athlete is the first athlete to arrive, the athlete's parent should remain until another athlete or Person in Authority arrives. Similarly, if an athlete would potentially be alone with a Person in Authority following a competition or practice, the Person in Authority should ask another Person in Authority (or a parent or guardian of another athlete) to stay until all the athletes have been picked up. If an adult is not available, then another athlete should be present in order to avoid the Person in Authority being alone with a single athlete; and,
 - b) Persons in Authority giving instructions, demonstrating skills, or facilitating drills or lessons to an individual athlete should always be doing so within earshot and eyesight of another Person in Authority.